

PMT

Mark Scheme (Results)

March 2013

GCSE Physics 5PH1H/01



ALWAYS LEARNING

Edexcel and BTEC Qualifications

Edexcel and BTEC qualifications come from Pearson, the world's leading learning company. We provide a wide range of qualifications including academic, vocational, occupational and specific programmes for employers. For further information visit our qualifications websites at <u>www.edexcel.com</u> or <u>www.btec.co.uk</u> for our BTEC qualifications.

Alternatively, you can get in touch with us using the details on our contact us page at <u>www.edexcel.com/contactus</u>.

If you have any subject specific questions about this specification that require the help of a subject specialist, you can speak directly to the subject team at Pearson. Their contact details can be found on this link: <u>www.edexcel.com/teachingservices</u>.

You can also use our online Ask the Expert service at <u>www.edexcel.com/ask</u>. You will need an Edexcel username and password to access this service.

Pearson: helping people progress, everywhere

Our aim is to help everyone progress in their lives through education. We believe in every kind of learning, for all kinds of people, wherever they are in the world. We've been involved in education for over 150 years, and by working across 70 countries, in 100 languages, we have built an international reputation for our commitment to high standards and raising achievement through innovation in education. Find out more about how we can help you and your students at: www.pearson.com/uk

March 2013 Publications Code UG035113 All the material in this publication is copyright © Pearson Education Ltd 2013

Question	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
Number			
1(a)(i)	D		(1)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
1(a)(ii)	moons (1)	must be in correct order	
	heliocentric (1)		(2)

Question	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
Number			
1 (a) (iii)	A description including two of the following points Reflecting telescope has mirror(s) (1) Galilean telescope has only lenses (1) Reflecting telescope can gather more light / can have a larger objective (1) Image viewed from the side of reflecting telescope (1) Image viewed from end of Galilean telescope. (1)	refracting telescope reverse argument	(2)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
1(b)(i)	5 (cm) (1)	+5 -5	(2)
	8 (cm) (1)	0.08 m 80 mm	

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
1(b)(ii)	В		(1)

PMT

Question Number	Answer		Acceptable answers	Mark
2 (ai)	A line connecting a tra useful energy transfer a (1)		Lines need not be straight Ignore any arrow heads drawn	(3)
	Train part use transfer	eful energy		
	diesel engine	chemical to electrical		
		chemical to kinetic	Note: if more than one line is drawn from a train part then zero mark for	
	generator	electrical to kinetic	that train part.	
	motor	kinetic to chemical		
		kinetic to electrical		

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
2 (aii)	(transfer of energy to) thermal (1)	heat/sound	(1)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
2 (bi)	1400 - 1300 (= 100) (kJ) (1)		(1)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
2 (bii)	Substitution (1) 1300 / 1400 x 100 Evaluation (1) 93(%) or 0.93	A value which rounds to 93(%) or 0.93 Correct answer with no working scores 2 marks	(2)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
2 (c)	Any one from black is a good thermal radiator (1)	(good) emitter	(1)
	(helps to) prevent motors overheating (1)	(helps to) remove wasted energy/ heat (from the motor)	

Question	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
Number			
3(a)	D		(1)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
3(b)	An explanation linking any two of (presence of Earth's) atmosphere (1)	Accept reverse argument (more) air/ clouds/ pollution/ dust	
	causes light to be absorbed/reduced in intensity (1) causes distortion of the image(1) (more) light pollution (1) (bigger) variations in temperature (1)	blocked / (more) difficult to see through blurs the image / refracts the light	(2)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
3(c)	An explanation linking any three of galaxies moving (1) away from Earth / Sun (1) galaxy 2 (moving away) faster (than galaxy 1) (1) galaxy 2 is (likely to be) most distant galaxy (1)	galaxies are (moving) at different speeds / away from each other / universe is expanding	(3)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
3(d)	A description including the following stages (up to 3 marks)		
	Protostar (1)		
	Main sequence star (1)		
	(super) red giant (1)		
	supernova (1)		
	neutron star (1)		(4)
	(even more massive star can become) black hole (1)		
	more massive stars have shorter life (1)		
	Three stages in the correct sequence (1)		

Question	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
Number			
4(ai)	А		(1)

Question	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
Number			
4(aii)	A description linking		(2)
	plates move / slip / separate (relative to each other) (1)	plate rubs against each other friction between plates plate boundary shifts	
	sudden (release of energy) (1)	jerk / jolt	

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
4(bi)	substitution (1) 0.65 = 80 / t transposition (1) t = 80 / 0.65 (123 seconds)	transposition and substitution can be in either order . Allow reverse calculations eg speed = 80/120 (1) = 0.67 (about 0.65) (1) or distance = 0.65 x 120 (1) = 78 km (about 80) (1).	(2)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
4 (bii)	A description linking any three detection of arrival of P and S waves (1) measurement of difference in arrival times (1) calculation of distance (from epicentre to station) (1) triangulation/using three / several stations (1)	Reward suitable labelled diagram	(3)

PMT

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
4(b)(iii)	A suggestion including any two of the following Infrasound (1)		(2)
	some animals can hear waves below human frequency range / 20 Hz (1)	Some animals have greater audio / tactile sensitivity than humans	
	they could hear P waves arriving before the (stronger) S waves arrive (1)		

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
5(a)	A		(1)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
5(b)	alpha particles (In the left section) gamma rays (centre section) infrared radiation (right section) (2)	Any one in correct position for one mark, all three in correct position for two marks	(2)

Question	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
Number			
5(c)	С		(1)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
5(d)	A description to include	Purposes may include	
	The purpose of using gamma radiation (1)	sterilising food /medical equipment detection / treatment of cancer imaging /detect flaws in materials	
	Some relevant detail about how it achieves the purpose (1)		(2)

Question Number		Indicative Content	Mark	
QWC	*5(e)	 An explanation-including some of the following points Results obtained: Herschel: temperature on thermometer Ritter: speed of darkening of silver chloride paper Trend of results: Herschel: hotter towards red end Ritter: quicker towards blue/violet end Extension of experiment to get more results: Herschel: measure below red; found it even hotter Ritter: measure above blue/violet; paper darkened quicker Conclusion: Herschel: Must be radiation below red (Infra Red) Ritter: Must be radiation above blue/violet (UV) 	(6)	
Level	0	No rewardable content		
1	1 - 2	 A limited description of either some results or conclusions from either experiment. For example: They measured temperature across the spectrum and found that temperature changed. They put silver chloride paper in the spectrum and found that it darkened at different speeds with different colours. The answer communicates ideas using simple language and uses limited scientific terminology 		
2	3 - 4	 spelling, punctuation and grammar are used with limited accuracy A simple explanation of results and conclusions from both experiments. For example: Herschel measured the temperature across the spectrum and found it hotter towards the red end. This was infra red radiation. Ritter measured the darkening of chloride paper across the spectrum. It was quicker towards the violet end. They had discovered ultra violet. the answer communicates ideas showing some evidence of clarity and organisation and uses scientific terminology appropriately 		
3	5 - 6	 spelling, punctuation and grammar are used with some accuracy a detailed explanation of all the results obtained from both experiments and the conclusions from these results. For example a response as for level 2 given above but with detail about results being obtained from outside the visible spectrum the answer communicates ideas clearly and coherently uses a range of scientific terminology accurately spelling, punctuation and grammar are used with few errors 		

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
6(ai)	Model A because Model A (can produce up to)7200kWh per year (at 13mph) / will produce 6000 kWh (with given wind speed). (1)	Model B produces less than 6000kWh per year at 13mph /requires wind speed of more than 13mph to produce 6000kWh	(1)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
6(aii)	Substitution (1) 0.14 x 6000	Allow incorrect conversion of p to £ such as 0.014 x 6000 for 1 mark only	(2)
		84 000 p	
	Evaluation (1) (£)840	correct answer with no working shown gains both marks	

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
6(aiii)	Divide the installation cost by the annual saving (to find the time in years) (1)	£840 for annual saving	(1)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
6(aiv)	A suggestion linking (energy saving lamps) would not transfer so much thermal energy (1)	not get hot / produce so much heat	(2)
	he may have to use additional heating / lights (which would cost money to run/ purchase) (1)	reverse argument such as insufficient heat for chicks to thrive	
		(Ignore references to light output.)	

Question Number		Indicative Content	Mark
QWC	*6(b)	A discussion including some of the following points	
		 Both HEP and Solar power are renewable Both HEP and Solar power would save fossil fuels HEP only possible in some locations HEP requires reservoirs and damming of rivers This can damage environment /takes a lot of land out of use Energy from solar power installation is currently much less than energy from fossil fuel powered station Solar power only suitable in certain locations Solar power reliability dependent on constant sunshine Neither of them cause atmospheric pollution 	(6)
Level	0	No rewardable content	
1	1 - 2	 a limited description such as at least one relevant detail or resource eg: Solar power doesn't give off atmospheric po HEP generates more power than solar power. the answer communicates ideas using simple language an limited scientific terminology spelling, punctuation and grammar are used with limited accuracy 	llution.
2	3 - 4	 a simple discussion such as one which gives comparisons between the two or at least an advantage and disadvantage of both. eg: HEP does not use fossil fuels but it can damage the environment where is it located. Solar power will never run out but it requires lots of light/land. the answer communicates ideas showing some evidence of clarity and organisation and uses scientific terminology appropriately spelling, punctuation and grammar are used with some accuracy 	
3	5 - 6	 a detailed comparison such as one which relates advantages and disadvantages of both HEP and solar power to a particular situation for possible large scale use e.g.: Solar power uses a renewable energy source but it currently does not produce as much energy as fossil fuel station where there is little sunlight. HEP can produce a lot more energy where there are hills and water but only possible in certain geographical locations. the answer communicates ideas clearly and coherently uses a range of scientific terminology accurately spelling, punctuation and grammar are used with few errors 	

Further copies of this publication are available from Edexcel Publications, Adamsway, Mansfield, Notts, NG18 4FN

Telephone 01623 467467 Fax 01623 450481 Email <u>publication.orders@edexcel.com</u>

Order Code UG035113 March 2013

For more information on Edexcel qualifications, please visit our website <u>www.edexcel.com</u>

Pearson Education Limited. Registered company number 872828 with its registered office at Edinburgh Gate, Harlow, Essex CM20 2JE





